We claim:

1. A method of improving the hydrolytic stability of a polycarbonate-containing resin composition comprising the placing under humid conditions, for a sufficient period of time, of such a resin composition comprising the polycarbonate resin and a flame retardant blend comprising an arylene-bridged oligomeric phosphate composition and an effective amount of neopentylglycol bis(diphenyl phosphate) so that the hydrolytic stability of the resin composition under such conditions is retained to a greater degree as compared to a composition comprising, as a flame retardant therein, a composition comprising the arylene-bridged oligomeric phosphate composition without the neopentylglycol bis(diphenyl phosphate).

2. A method as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the arylene-bridged oligomeric phosphate composition contains a bridging group derived from bisphenol A.

3. A method as claimed in either Claim 1 wherein the total amount of phosphate ester flame retardant in the composition ranges from about 5% to about 40%, by weight of the composition.

4. A method as claimed in any of Claims 1 to 3 wherein the ratio of arylene-bridged oligomeric phosphate composition to neopentylglycol bis(diphenyl phosphate) ranges from about 9:1 to about 1:9.